# Legal Implications of Cap-and-Trade

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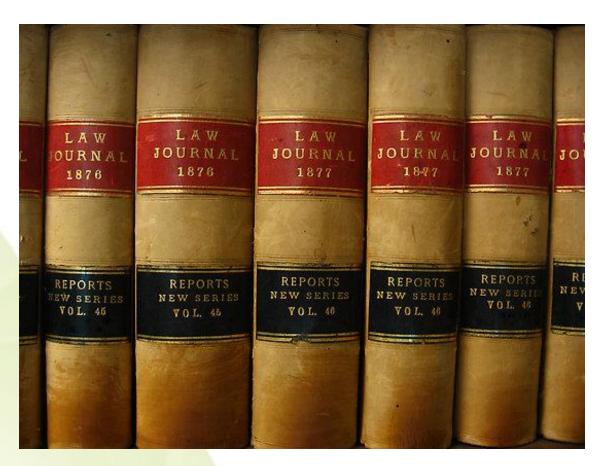


### Overview

- Framework for Reducing GHGs
- Federal
- Ontario
- What's Next?



## Legal Frameworks





#### **GHG** Reduction Frameworks

- Emissions trading (cap and trade)
- Carbon tax
- Emissions control regulations



#### The Cost of Carbon

- Quebec carbon trading system
  - credits auction at \$12.10 USD per tonne
- Alberta fund/offset/credit system
  - fund: \$15 CAD per tonne over emissions reductions target
    - increasing to \$20 CAD in 2016, \$30 CAD in 2017
- BC revenue-neutral carbon tax
  - carbon is taxed at \$30 CAD per tonne



### The Cost of Carbon in BC

Selected Carbon Tax Rates by Fuel

	UNITS FOR TAX	TAX RATE JULY 1, 2012
Gasoline	¢/litre	6.67
Diesel (light fuel oil)	¢/litre	7.67
Jet Fuel	¢/litre	7.83
Natural Gas	¢/cubic metre	5.70
Propane	¢/litre	4.62
Coal - high heat value	\$/tonne	62.31
Coal - low heat value	\$/tonne	53.31

Source: BC Ministry of Finance, September 2015



## Federal GHG Reporting





## Federal GHG Reporting

#### CEPA Notice for Annual GHGs

- facilities emitting ≥ 50kt of GHGs (CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent)
- reports due June 1 of following year
- facility operator must report
- information made public, but confidentiality may be requested
- some overlap with NPRI reporting requirements



#### Federal Action on GHG

#### Regulation

- automotive regulations reduce allowable GHGs
- performance standards regulations for new and end-oflife coal-fired generation units



#### Federal Action on GHG

GHG regulations expected for various sectors

Sectors		
Oil and gas	Cement	
Iron and steel	Chemical	
Fertilizer manufacturing	Pulp and paper	
Fossil fuel-fired electricity generation		

- Waiting on draft regulations
- Equivalency



## Ontario's Approach





- Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Regulation, O Reg 452/09
- Applies to prescribed facilities
- Prescribed facility examples:

Hydrogen production	Lime manufacturing
Iron manufacturing	Nickel production
Steel manufacturing	Petroleum refining
Lead production	Pulp and paper manufacturing



#### What must a prescribed facility do?

- collect emissions data
- prescribed facilities emitting ≥ 25 kt/yr of CO<sub>2</sub>e required to report
  - annual emissions reporting by June 1 in calendar year following reporting period
- facilities emitting ≥ 10 kt/yr and < 25 kt/yr encouraged to report voluntarily



- Standardized methods in Guideline must be used for measuring emissions
- Third party verification by September 1st of subsequent year



- Documentation and data must be retained for at least 7 years
- Regulation allows CO<sub>2</sub> from biomass combustion to be deducted from total emissions when comparing to reporting threshold



### **Changes Ahead?**

- Ontario has proposed:
  - expand scope of "prescribed facilities"
  - ≥ 10 kt/yr of CO<sub>2</sub>e required to report
  - ≥ 10 kt/yr and < 25 kt/yr then no third party verification</li>
- Proposal open for comment until October 29, 2015



## CAP AND TRADE IN ONTARIO



- Environmental Protection Amendment Act, (Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trading) 2009
  - Royal Assent December 15, 2009 not yet in force
  - regulatory powers to create and monitor cap and trade program that links to other systems
  - definition of GHGs adaptable over time
  - power to create, use, distribute and trade allowances and offsets
  - distribute allowances by auction, free of charge or by other means
  - rules and requirements for fair auctioning of allowances



### **Announcements to enter Cap and Trade**

- April 13, 2015
- Ontario intends to join the cap and trade system under the Western Climate Initiative (Quebec & California)
- September 11, 2015
- Ontario and Quebec will have a joint system of carbon offsets



### What will the system look like?

- Scope of emitters
  - two possible approaches: 1) sector-specific or 2) broad
- Target Reductions
  - rate of decline?
  - caps in Quebec & California decline at more than 3% per year
- Regulation of offsets and allowances



Equivalency with anticipated federal regulations







### **Disclosure Impacts**

- EPA Disclosure
- Securities Disclosure
  - impact of the availability and price of emissions credits/offsets on revenue, expenses and cash flow
- Voluntary Disclosure
  - public image



### Penalties for Non-Compliance

### What if an emitter doesn't comply?

- Offence under Ontario's EPA
- Penalties (first offence)
  - individuals: fine up to \$50,000
  - corporations: fine up to \$250,000
- Penalties increase with subsequent offences and may include greater fines and/or imprisonment
- Directors & Officer's liability



#### **Contact Information**

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